



CONFIDENTIAL CLOSE CALL REPORTING SYSTEM IMPLEMENTING MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (C3RS/IMOU) FOR AMTRAK

April 25, 2013



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Article 1. Parties to C3RS/IMOU (Parties)

- A. Transportation Communications Union (TCU): the duly recognized collective bargaining representative of the craft of AMTRAK Train Directors working within the boundaries of the Confidential Close Call Reporting Program.
- B. Federal Railroad Administration (FRA): an administration in the Department of Transportation charged with carrying out all railroad safety laws of the United States per 49 U.S.C. Section 103 and 49 C.F.R. § 1.49.
- C. National Railroad Passenger Corporation (AMTRAK): a common carrier railroad.

Article 2. Purpose

The Parties are voluntarily entering into this C³RS/IMOU with the intent to improve the safety of railroad operations. The Parties have determined that based on over 20 years of experience of airlines' and foreign railroads' close call reporting systems, safety may be improved by implementing a system of voluntary, confidential, discipline-free reporting of close call events.

The objectives for close call reporting are:

- the accumulation of confidential data on currently unreported or underreported unsafe events;
- analysis of reported data by peer review teams (PRT);
- identification of corrective actions by the Parties to remedy identified safety hazards;
- provision of assistance by FRA in its safety oversight role; and
- publication of general trends and statistics by government agencies.

Article 3. Boundaries

The boundaries of this C³RS/IMOU is the territory dispatched by the AMTRAK Chicago Control Center.

Article 3.1. Applicability

The C³RS/IMOU will apply to all Parties employed by AMTRAK as described in Article 1, governed by those signatory to this IMOU, including employees in training or probationary status. Employees must submit an accepted C³RS report, subject to conditions specified in Article 7.1 of this C³RS/IMOU, to have protection from discipline and/or FRA civil enforcement. Additionally, AMTRAK will be exempt from FRA civil enforcement under the same terms as an employee for accepted C³RS reports. Only events reported by employees who work for the organizations as defined by Article 1 in the locations defined by Article 3 are included. This C³RS/IMOU does not alter or modify any Collective Bargaining Agreement.

Article 4. Definitions

"Adverse Consequences" examples are included in attached Appendix A.

"Close Call" means a reported close call that is an opportunity to improve safety practices in a situation or incident that has a potential for more serious adverse consequences. It represents a situation in which an ongoing sequence of events was stopped from developing further, preventing the occurrence of potentially serious safety-related consequences. Personal injuries do not fall into the category of a close call, and will continue to be reported and handled in accordance with the current AMTRAK rules and FRA regulations, or any subsequent revisions to AMTRAK rules and/or FRA regulations. A close call includes the following examples:

- 1. Events that occur but have low consequences, such as, missed read back that does not result in a serious incident.
- 2. Events that have the potential for high consequences such as failure to provide proper protection.

"Discipline" means any AMTRAK action that would result in a materially adverse employment action like a suspension, termination, demotion, etc.

"Event Recorder" means a device, designed to resist tampering, that monitors and records data on train movements, direction of motion, occupancy, record of protection, time, distance, video, and voice recordings, etc.

"FRA certified inspector" mean any individual authorized by the Secretary of Transportation to enter, inspect and examine lands, buildings, and equipment on railroad property.

"Need to Know" means government employees and contractors may have access to information only if it is necessary for program management and programmatic evaluation and analysis. This "need to know" will be administered by NASA and permission granted by the NASA program manager.

"Real-Time Observation" observations or testing conducted by management or a FRA-certified inspector.

"Train Accident Reporting Threshold" as defined in 49 CFR Part 225 in regard to monetary reporting threshold.

Article 5. Confidentiality

NASA shall act as the owner of the data reported to it by AMTRAK employees under this C³RS/IMOU and shall protect the confidentiality of this information through its own governance.

After all relevant data about a reported close call event, including the C³RS report and all other information collected by NASA that is relevant to the reported event, have been compiled into a unified document, NASA will develop a de-identified document for further analysis by the Peer Review Team (PRT). NASA will de-identify this record so that the employee's identity, any third party reference, including anyone mentioned in the original C³RS report, can no longer be determined through direct or indirect means.

NASA shall protect the following information from disclosure when provided in a close call report:

- a. The employee's close call report form and the content of that form;
- b. The name of the employee who submits a close call report;
- c. The name of any other employees mentioned in the close call report;
- d. The name of the carrier involved in the close call report; and
- e. Information that would make it obvious that only a few (fewer than three), easily-identifiable people could have made the close call report such as exact location and time of a close call, or description of specific, rarely used equipment models.

The confidentiality of the information collected during this project will be preserved beyond the cancellation and/or end of this project.

Article 5.1 Access to Confidential Data

In the interest of providing the best measures for maintaining the confidentiality of the data, all internal project staff will be granted access to confidential internal use data on a "need to know" basis and for the purposes of completing their work assignments. All internal project staff shall receive confidentiality training and shall have signed confidentiality non-disclosure agreements. Internal project staff includes NASA federal employees and NASA agents. For this project, NASA agents may include NASA contractors assigned to this project. The Peer Review Team (PRT), and Volpe federal employees and contractors assigned to this project will have access to de-identified reports and PRT work products.

For C³RS program evaluation (see Article 12.2.1) Volpe center staff will be granted access to PRT work products on a "need to know" basis for research and process evaluation purposes. It will also be used for trend analysis for the purpose of risk reduction. No additional uses of the data are allowed unless agreed to by all Parties to this IMOU.

Article 6. Reporting Procedures

When an employee of AMTRAK covered by this C³RS/IMOU, observes a safety problem or experiences a close call event, he or she should note the problem or event and describe it in detail using the NASA close call reporting form (See Article 6.2). The information from this form will be evaluated and de-identified by NASA. The de-identified information will be evaluated by the PRT. A separate close call report form is required for each safety problem or close call event experienced during a tour of duty.

The reporting of close call events is not intended to circumvent nor meant to be a substitute for any existing AMTRAK safety programs or reporting procedures. Rather, it is intended to be an additional tool for improving safety.

Article 6.1 Criteria for Close Call Report Acceptance

Reports will be accepted for any condition or event that is perceived as potentially endangering employees, the public, equipment, or the environment.

Any concern about one's own safety or someone else's safety at work should be reported.

Each close call report must contain sufficiently detailed information about an event so that a third party can evaluate it. An interviewer may call the employee to obtain more information about the event. If in doubt, the interviewer will err on the side of accepting the report.

NASA will conduct the first screening and the PRT the second screening.

The following types of reports will be rejected during the initial screening process:

- 1. Reports that do not include sufficient information when the reporting employee does not accept a follow-up call when contacted;
- 2. Reports unrelated to railroad safety;
- 3. Urgent real-time issues such as a runaway train;
- 4. Personal grievances, such as a rejected timeslip or perception of unfairness by a supervisor;
- 5. Labor organization and/or management grievances;
- 6. Any reported event that resulted in any type of FRA reportable train accident.
- 7. Any reported event that caused or is alleged to have caused any injury, illness, or medical treatment of any kind to any person involved in the event.

NASA will provide the PRT with a summary of confidential reports that have been rejected for review.

Article 6.2 Close Call Report Form

NASA has developed a close call report form that requests information about the date, time, location, contributing factors, actions taken, and potential consequences of an event, along with any other information necessary to fully describe the event or perceived safety problem.

The employee will complete the report form, either paper or electronic, and submit it in accordance with the instructions on the form. NASA will mail a receipt to the employee

AMTRAK will make forms available at on-and off-duty locations. NASA has a process for electronic submission of report forms at:

http://c3rs.arc.nasa.gov/report/electronic.html

Article 6.3 Time Limits to File Report and Receive Protection from AMTRAK Discipline and FRA Enforcement

To receive protection from AMTRAK discipline and/or FRA enforcement, an employee must submit a written (either paper or electronic) close call report to NASA within three business days (Monday – Friday), of the event. For example, an event that occurs at 3:00 a.m. on a Tuesday must be reported by 11:59 p.m. of that Friday. If the event occurs on Saturday at 3:00 a.m. it must be reported by 11:59 p.m. on Wednesday. *Note: Saturday and Sunday are not included in the calculation of business days.*

If the close call report is accepted, a receipt will be issued to the reporting employee.

If NASA determines the initial report contains insufficient information to determine acceptance, the report will receive provisional acceptance. Final eligibility for receipt issuance will be determined when the NASA rail safety expert obtains more information from the employee. NASA may call the reporting employee for further information and the reporting employee is encouraged to provide information. If, based on evidence gathered thus far, the close call report is accepted as valid by NASA, a receipt letter is issued and mailed to the reporting employee. An electronic record of such receipt will not be available in the NASA close calls reporting system. In the event that an employee facing discipline has lost or misplaced the receipt, the reporting employee may request a verification letter from NASA. This letter will be provided whenever possible.

Article 6.4 Special Criteria for Close Call Event Reporting

This provision does not modify the company's (AMTRAK) incident investigation or Drug and Alcohol Testing policy. This article does not include or cover events that are part of real time structured observations or operational testing conducted by management or an FRA-certified inspector.

Events involving damage or derailment below the FRA reporting threshold that do not involve an injury and would require managerial notification and/or protection shall be considered close call events. Events such as but not limited to, failure to provide sufficient protection or improperly relayed instructions are examples of close call events.

To facilitate analysis of such events, the employee will provide notification of the event to AMTRAK without undue delay. The C³RS written report will be completed and mailed to NASA within the time limits set forth in Article 6.3.

AMTRAK agrees it will not initiate any discipline for an event reported and accepted as a close call.

NASA will provide a receipt for the written close call report as proof of an accepted report. The employee must allow AMTRAK to review the receipt, when requested.

Article 7. Condition for Protection from AMTRAK Discipline and FRA Enforcement

The main purpose of this close call reporting system is for the participating Parties to learn more about the safety risks they face. An important element of the program is the shielding of employees from AMTRAK discipline and/or FRA enforcement potentially

arising from events reported under this system. An additional concern is the need to also shield AMTRAK from FRA enforcement potentially arising from events reported under this system.

Shielding employees and AMTRAK from a possible enforcement action creates an environment where employees feel more comfortable disclosing information.

Confidential close call reporting protects the identity of the person disclosing information. The PRT is able to use the information to learn about systemic problems and to educate all Parties. The reporting of close calls will foster an environment that enables the Parties involved to understand systemic failures and implement improvement opportunities.

Article 7.1 Conditions Under Which a Reporting Employee is Protected from AMTRAK Discipline and FRA Enforcement

Except as provided below and in Article 7.2, AMTRAK employees included in this C³RS/IMOU who report close calls in accordance with Article 6, will be protected from discipline by AMTRAK.

Employees who file an accepted close call report are protected from discipline by AMTRAK and from FRA enforcement arising from the retrospective discovery of events involving violations of operating practices involving the event reported. This includes the retrospective (as opposed to real-time) use or review of event recorder data.

AMTRAK and FRA are prohibited from using any information contained in a close call report to pursue or defend any disciplinary or enforcement actions.

All Parties to this C³RS /IMOU understand that this data is also protected and must not be used for any purpose other than PRT analysis. Each of the PRT members must be trained on confidentiality and must sign a non-disclosure agreement.

Article 7.2 Conditions Under Which a Reporting Employee is not Protected from AMTRAK Discipline and FRA Enforcement

AMTRAK employees included in this C³RS/IMOU receive no protection from discipline and FRA enforcement action when one or more of the following conditions occur:

- 1. The employee's action or lack of action was intended to damage AMTRAK or another entity's operations or equipment or to injure other individuals, or intentionally placed others in danger (for example, sabotage);
- 2. The employee's action or lack of action involved a criminal offense;
- 3. The employee's behavior involved substance abuse or inappropriate use of controlled substances;
- 4. The report is rejected in accordance with Article 6.1;
- 5. The event resulted in any type of FRA reportable train accident;

- 6. The event caused or is alleged to have caused any injury, illness, or medical treatment of any kind to any person involved in the event;
- 7. The event resulted in an identifiable release of a hazardous material; or
- 8. The event was real time observations or testing conducted by management or an FRA-certified inspector, except as provided in Article 6.4.

Article 7.3 Conditions Under Which AMTRAK is Not Protected from FRA Enforcement

FRA will also afford the same protection from enforcement action to AMTRAK, as that afforded to an AMTRAK employee covered by this IMOU, for any incident for which an accepted close call report is filed. Likewise, if an employee report falls under one of the exceptions listed in Article 7.2 and the employee is not afforded protection, AMTRAK will also not receive protection from FRA enforcement action.

Article 7.4 Conditions that are Required for Real-Time Observations

When a real-time observation is made by an AMTRAK manager under article 7.2 item 8, the employee must be informed of the observed/witnessed violation as soon as possible, but not to exceed two hours from the time of the observation/witness of event.

An event may also be considered a real-time observation upon notification by an observing FRA-certified inspector to the employee and/or the railroad as soon as possible after observing a rules violation. The FRA-certified inspector will document the time, date, location, and a description of the rules violation observed on a FRA Inspection Report (6180.96 report). The FRA-certified inspector will provide a copy of the Inspection Report to the appropriate railroad officer preferably on the same day, but no later than 24 hours after observing the rules violation.

Article 8. How Employees Notify AMTRAK or FRA of Protection from Discipline or FRA Enforcement

When AMTRAK initiates an investigation of an unsafe event or condition and an employee indicates that the event or condition has been reported in accordance with the C³RS/IMOU, the time limits for pursuing discipline through agreement between the Organization and Carrier, will be put in abeyance pending a confirmation receipt from NASA.

When a receipt is available for review it will be presented to the local manager. If the local manager is able to determine that the receipt is applicable to the event, the investigation will be closed.

If the Parties do not agree that the receipt is applicable to the event, the employee or union representative will present a copy of the receipt to the PRT, who will then accept or reject the receipt as proof of an accepted report of the event in question. If the PRT accepts the receipt, the investigation will be closed.

If the PRT rejects the receipt, the local manager and union representative will be advised and the time limits for initiating disciplinary proceedings will commence. In such cases, neither party may use nor reference the close call report in the subsequent disciplinary proceedings.

Upon receiving notice of FRA civil enforcement for an event covered by an accepted close call report, the employee and/or employee's union representative will present the receipt to the FRA PRT member for assistance in resolving the notice consistent with this IMOU.

Article 9. Use of Data

All participants in this C³RS/IMOU agree to use the information they acquire only for positive purposes to improve railroad safety. This could include new or modified training, assessing risk and allocating resources to address those risks, and learning why these close calls are taking place.

Article 10. Corrective Actions

Corrective actions are the actions taken by AMTRAK labor and management in response to the PRT's recommendations concerning emerging trends and reported safety events.

Article 11. Stakeholders

The primary organizations that will be involved in the Program are:

- FRA's Office of Railroad Safety;
- NASA;
- D.O.T. Volpe Center;
- AMTRAK;
- TCU:
- Peer Review Team (PRT);
- PRT Support Team

Article 12. Stakeholders' Responsibilities in Support of the C³RS/IMOU

The rights, roles, and responsibilities set forth in this C³RS/IMOU apply only to participants in the C³RS Program pursuant to any IMOUs that are approved by the FRA. If the Program involves a waiver of any FRA rules, the Parties shall submit a waiver request under 49 CFR § 211.41. In granting the waiver request, the FRA Railroad Safety Board may impose conditions necessary to assure safety.

There are seven primary stakeholder organizations that will be involved in the Program. These include: FRA Office of Office or Railroad Safety, which will fund and sponsor the program for the industry; FRA Office of Railroad Safety, which will consult on the project's goals and implementation plan; NASA, which will collect and analyze the reporting data; the Volpe Center, which, on behalf of the FRA, will coordinate the Program, conduct the program evaluation, and provide staff support to the project; AMTRAK, which will implement the reporting system in the boundaries specified in Article 3; the TCU, which will represent the employees providing the close call reports; the PRT, which will analyze the data provided by NASA and make corrective action

recommendations; and the PRT Support Team, which will assist in implementing corrective action recommendations.

Article 12.1 FRA's Responsibilities in Support of the C³RS/IMOU

The FRA will oversee the scope and quality of the work. Experience gained from other modes has indicated that the willingness of persons to submit a close call report depends to a large degree on preserving the confidentiality of AMTRAK, the reporting employee, and immediate co-workers named in those reports. Accordingly, FRA will not have access to the close call reports before identifying information has been removed." FRA will not seek, and NASA will not release to FRA, any information that might reveal the identity of such persons, organizations, locations or events mentioned in close call reports.

Specific FRA responsibilities include the following activities:

- 1. Fund the C³RS Program if Congress appropriates funds for the project. The duration of the project is dependent upon continued Congressional funding. As provided in Article 14, any party may terminate their participation in the project at any time;
- 2. Approve the project plan, budget, and detailed implementation;
- 3. Assign FRA employees to work on the PRT to analyze and summarize emerging trends, as well as to recommend corrective actions;
- 4. Monitor the evaluation of the project;
- 5. As one of the stakeholders on the Close Call Steering Committee (already in existence), consult on the project's organization, goals, objectives, elements, and high-level implementation plan; and
- 6. Develop a model corrective action protocol, which is a communications system with a feedback loop between AMTRAK, NASA, and the PRT.

Article 12.2 Third Parties' Responsibilities in Support of the C3RS/IMOU

NASA and the Volpe Center are independent third Parties. The third Parties' responsibilities in support of the IMOU are to manage the implementation of the close call reporting system and protect the confidentiality of the data. FRA will work with NASA and the Volpe Center to ensure that the responsibilities outlined in this IMOU are fulfilled. NASA will act as the owner of the data and will protect the confidentiality of this information through its own governance. NASA's responsibility to protect the confidential information as outlined in this IMOU will be governed by a separate Interagency Agreement (IA) between FRA and NASA providing for the development of a railroad safety reporting system. The performance of this IMOU is contingent upon the finalization and execution of the IA between FRA and NASA.

Other tasks include the following:

Article 12.2.1 The Volpe Center:

Project Planning

- 1. Design the project's overall organizational structure; goals, objectives, elements; project plan; draft of budget; high-level implementation plan; detailed implementation plan; and oversight and management of the Program.
- 2. Identify and prepare Program sites, including training applicable employees and managers, and integration with other current AMTRAK related efforts.
- 3. Provide a process for rigorous quality assurance of data input, output, content, and timeliness.
- 4. Manage the Close Call web site at www.closecallsrail.org.

Manage reporting system

- 1. Participate in the development of quarterly reports/letters to summarize emerging trends and corrective actions. Post reports on the Close Call web site or any other appropriate websites as determined by the PRT and FRA.
- 2. Participate in the development of an annual report/letter describing the status of the C³RS Program, any modifications made and lessons learned to date; describe emerging trends and recommended solutions; and put on the Close Call web site or any other appropriate websites as determined by the PRT and FRA.
- 3. Review data input, output, content, and timeliness and make recommendations as part of quality assurance process

Program evaluation

The success of the C³RS Program depends upon its implementation and how it impacts safety at AMTRAK. A program evaluation will be conducted in a way to facilitate the smooth implementation of the project and measure the project's effectiveness in improving safety with a minimal burden to AMTRAK. The Volpe Center will conduct the program evaluation component of this project with support from a third party and NASA. The following tasks related to program evaluation will be performed:

- 1. Collect baseline measures of safety and reporting culture for each participating railroad:
- 2. Measure performance by tracking safety numbers against the baseline to see if risk has been reduced;
- 3. Provide feedback to participants to improve the implementation of close call Program. This includes review of PRT Multiple Cause Incident Analysis (MCIA) reports or other worksheets and corrective actions recommendations; and

4. After there are three or more carriers involved in the C³RS Program, prepare written baseline, mid-term, and final reports, with AMTRAK's approval prior to publication.

Article 12.2.2 The National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Project planning

- 1. Design the project's organizational structure at the NASA level including developing goals, objectives, and elements; project plan; draft of budget; detailed implementation plan; and oversight and management of NASA-C³RS operations;
- 2. Provide training to employees/contractors and managers participating in NASA-C³RS project;
- 3. Develop a system for railroad employees to report close calls confidentially, including processes and procedures for data collection, and analysis and interpretation of reports;
- 4. Develop both a paper and electronic C³RS report form to be used for reporting close call events to NASA;
- 5. Evaluate and acquire appropriate hardware and software to implement a confidential data reporting system; and
- 6. Provide a process for rigorous quality assurance of data input, output, content, and timeliness at NASA operations level.

Manage reporting system

- 1. Enter close call reports in the tracking system if it meets acceptance criteria;
- 2. Conduct interviews with reporting employees, as necessary, to collect additional details about reported close call incidents;
- 3. De-identify close call report;
- 4. On request from the PRTs, analyze multiple reports for emerging trends and new sources of risk; and
- 5. Send reports to the PRTs about C³RS reporting patterns, emerging patterns, and corrective actions.

Article 12.3 AMTRAK'S Responsibilities in Support of the C³RS/IMOU

AMTRAK shall not have any access to nor seek any NASA data that might reveal the identity of employees or individuals mentioned in a close call report. By participating in the C³RS Program, AMTRAK will:

- 1. Commit to the support and use of the close call reporting system at all levels of the organization;
- 2. Consult on the high-level implementation plan with all AMTRAK's General Superintendents and the Safety Superintendent;
- 3. Ensure AMTRAK's PRT Support Team assists the PRT to analyze and summarize emerging trends as well as to recommend corrective actions;
- 4. Ensure senior management and supervisors cannot preempt their respective representative's decision-making discretion for an event reported;
- 5. Use the information collected from the close call Program for the purpose of improving safety. AMTRAK agrees not to use the information reported for the purpose of disciplining or disqualification of employees except for those circumstances covered in Article 7.2;
- 6. Work with Volpe to develop and implement a C³RS data access and storage process, in accordance with confidentiality requirements, to be used by the PRT;
- 7. Use the reports to take corrective action in a timely manner as recommended by a consensus of the PRT;
- 8. Develop a communications plan for sharing findings with its employees in order to help achieve success in this Program;
- 9. Fund labor representative's participation on the PRT at the rate of one basic day at the current governing rate of the crafts represented per day worked, or make whole the labor representative for lost earnings, whichever is greater. When needed, travel expenses will be reimbursed or paid by AMTRAK; and
- 10. Ensure the AMTRAK PRT Support Team assists the Lessons Learned Team (Volpe) to acquire information and data needed for developing C³RS reporting trends and conducting project evaluation. Detailed specifications on data needed for such analyses will be presented to AMTRAK's representative on the Support Team in the C³RS Data Request Document.

Article 12.4 TCU'S Responsibilities in Support of the C³RS/IMOU

By participating in the C³RS Program, TCU shall have the following responsibilities:

- 1. Commit to the use of the close call reporting system at all levels of the organization;
- 2. Consult with Volpe Center on the high-level implementation plan;
- 3. Appoint TCU representatives to participate on the PRT; and
- 4. Participate on the PRT to analyze and summarize emerging trends as well as recommend corrective actions.

Article 12.5 Peer Review Team's Responsibilities in Support of the C3RS/IMOU

The PRT consists of individuals from the primary stakeholders (AMTRAK, TCU, and FRA) who represent their constituency's perspectives in forming a comprehensive view of close call events. The PRT will be composed of an equal number of representatives from AMTRAK management and the labor organizations (BLET, UTU, UTU-YM, TCU), and one representative from the FRA. A representative from NASA may also participate on the PRT.

The PRT will develop a handbook for PRT governance and succession planning. The PRT can change the handbook as conditions warrant.

Following the start up period, the PRT will draw members from the local level of the primary stakeholders. Continuity of the PRT membership is essential for success.

The PRT will meet on a required basis, after agreeing to a schedule that considers the availability of PRT members. Meeting frequency will be adjusted by the PRT as needed. Its primary responsibilities include:

1. Analyze close call event reports

- Analyze each close call report after the identifying information has been removed and determine the root causes of the reported incidents.
- Generate and distribute feedback reports to PRT Support Team, giving feedback on close calls, emerging trends, and newly identified risks, which were provided by NASA to the PRT.
- Assess the association between emerging patterns or trends in close calls, relate
 those to corrective actions to be taken by AMTRAK, and advise and assist with the
 implementation of corrective actions.
- Send proposed corrective action recommendations and/or presentations to the PRT support team.
- Monitor, measure, and track the effectiveness of the corrective actions and their impact on the Program site's safety.

2. Analyze collective reports

- Analyze data from multiple reports.
- Identify emerging trends and new types of safety-critical events within and across the Program site.
- Review and discuss a summary report comprised of the individual close call reports, emerging trends, identified root causes, and suggested corrective actions.
 Assess the association between emerging patterns or trends in close calls and relate those to corrective actions taken by AMTRAK.

- Propose company-wide corrective actions to address new sources of risk and emerging trends.
- Review and discuss all reports prior to their distribution.

The PRT will function using, but not be limited to, the following guidelines:

- 1. The PRT can conduct business only when a quorum is present. A quorum is defined within the PRT handbook.
- 2. The primary stakeholders on the PRT are encouraged to consult with their constituents and additional FRA or industry experts for guidance on complex or sensitive matters where more information is desired to make an informed decision. The use of subject matter experts is encouraged.
- 3. The PRT will conduct its own root cause analysis driven by the NASA report. Access to the root causes will be granted to the Volpe Center.
- 4. Each representative is empowered to offer possible sources of risk, error recovery mechanisms, and corrective actions. Diverse perspectives are expected and encouraged. The PRT's opinions reflect a collaborative decision-making process among all PRT representatives.
- 5. The PRT makes its decisions using consensus when assigning root causes and proposing corrective actions. "Consensus" means the voluntary agreement of all representatives. It does not require that all members believe that a particular decision is the best one. Instead, all representatives' positions are given a proper hearing and are addressed, and a decision is one that all can accept.
- 6. If there is a dispute concerning the application of this IMOU, the Parties signatory to this C³RS/IMOU will refer the matter to the National Representative of the TCU and the AMTRAK Chief Transportation Officer. The National Representative and AMTRAK General Superintendent will consider the matter and recommend a resolution to the PRT.
- 7. The PRT will protect the confidentiality of the reporting employee. The PRT will not disclose any information that would make it possible to identify the reporting employees mentioned in the close call report to any person or entity. All Parties also agree to protect the confidentiality of any and all data, analysis, findings and recommendations related to this IMOU. The confidentiality of this information will survive in perpetuity.
- 8. The PRT will provide access to their analyses of NASA de-identified reports and recommendations for corrective actions to federal employees and contractors of the Volpe Center for the performance of program evaluation as described in Article 12.2.1. These federal employees, contractors, and Steering Committee members will be granted access based on their "need to know" (for purpose of conducting program evaluation), after completion of confidentiality training and signing confidentiality non-disclosure agreement as specified in Article 5.1.

9. The PRT will meet in a mutually convenient central location with pay/expenses covered as in number 9 of Section 12.3.

Article 12.6 PRT Support of Team Roles and Responsibilities

The PRT Support Team will consist of individuals from the AMTRAK appointed representatives, as well as representatives from FRA and labor organizations when requested.

Their responsibilities will include:

- 1. Support the PRT during implementation and provide continuing project oversight.
- 2. Provide support for the implementation of corrective actions.
- 3. Review PRT decisions and provide feedback to stakeholders.
- 4. AMTRAK's appointed representative on PRT Support Team will report corrective actions implemented to PRT or report why no action was taken. The AMTRAK representative will also report on the measured effectiveness of corrective actions to PRT.

Article 13. Modifications

Modifications to this C³RS/IMOU may be proposed at any time during the period of performance by any party to the C³RS/IMOU, and shall become effective upon written approval by all Parties.

Article 14. Project Duration/Employee Protections

This C³RS/IMOU will be in effect until cancelled as outlined below. Cancellation of participation is subject to the following restrictions:

- 1. The TCU signatory to this C³RS/IMOU may cancel their respective participation with a 45 days' written notice to AMTRAK. The notice will be mailed to AMTRAK Vice President of Operations and the remaining signatories.
- 2. AMTRAK may cancel participation with 45 days' written notice to the TCU signatories to this agreement.
- 3. FRA may cancel participation with 45 days' written notice to AMTRAK and TCU. The continued participation of the FRA and NASA is contingent on the availability of FRA appropriated funds. In its written notice, FRA will advise AMTRAK as to the status of any FRA waiver in connection with this IMOU at the conclusion of FRA's participation.
- 4. The termination or modification of the program will not adversely affect anyone who acted in reliance on the terms of the program in effect at the time of that action; i.e., if the C³RS/IMOU is terminated, all reports and investigations that were in progress will be handled under the provisions of the program until they are completed.

Employees reporting under this program will remain protected from AMTRAK discipline and/or FRA enforcement for reported events.

- 5. Should any party serve the appropriate cancellation notice, all Parties commit to meet within the 45-day period to seek resolution.
- 6. The confidentiality provided by this agreement survives its cancellation.

Article 15. Record Keeping

To ensure compliance, all records and documents relating to this program, including any documentation from the PRT, shall be kept in a manner prescribed by AMTRAK.

Article 16. C³RS/IMOU Signatures

Safety Compliance and Program Implementation - FRA

The Parties below approve this Implementing Memorandum of Agreement and the principles of the Confidential Close Call Reporting System.

July Buln	5/1/13
Joseph/H Boardman	Date/
President and CEO AMTRAK	
telent 10	4/25/13
Donald A. Stadtler	Date
Vice President Operations	
Charles E. Woodcock III Assistant Vice President Labor Relations AMTRAK	Date)
Lawrence J. Jones National Rep. Transportation Communication Union	Opil 25, 2013 Date
Boxin Marphy	April 25, 2013
Bonnie J. Murphy	Date '
Deputy Associate Administrator,	



What kind of events can you report to C3RS?

If you experience an event or condition that **could** result in one of the following adverse safety consequences, please consider submitting a close call report to C³RS:

Appendix A - Adverse consequences

•	Collision	•	Harm to the environment
•	Derailment	•	Release of hazardous materials
•	Personal Injury	•	Entering a work zone without authority
•	Equipment	•	Exceeding the limits of an authority
	damage	•	Failure to report information that could have placed crew member or
•	Failure to protect		passenger(s) in danger

The following tables provides **examples** of activities and conditions that could lead to adverse safety consequences and would be valuable to report to C³RS. The list of ideas is intended to spark your imagination about what you can report. You may come up with other safety concerns to report.

Attention	 Mechanical employee leaves derail activated.
	 Distraction in locomotive from radio, train control system display, or warning.
	 Crew member focuses on train control and misses sign/signal or trespasser.
	 Train dispatcher focuses on other matters and misses an inaccurate repeat of a mandatory directive.
	 Train dispatcher listens to a request to protect crossing at MP 24.0, but applies blocking device protection to a different location
Communications	Too few radio frequencies.
	Radio signal weak or inadequate.
	Misunderstood verbal instructions.
	 Understood instructions but wrote down wrong location (transposed numbers).
	 Too many people trying to communicate on same channel.
	Communications unrelated to work activity.
	 Noise or static makes communication difficult to hear.
	 Failure to perform a proper job safety briefing (SJB).
	Turnover incomplete or in error.
Coordination	Failure to coordinate joint activities (e.g., shoving movement, multiple crews working
	under one authority).
	 Contractor/industry leaves equipment in the foul without notifying anyone.
	Made incorrect assumption about what another crew member or train dispatcher did.
	Multiple crew members attempting to control same movement.
Perception	 Missed seeing position of switch due to weather conditions or inadequate lighting.
•	Misinterpreted switch target position as properly lined switch.
	Associated the wrong switch target with a switch.
	Associated the wrong signal with a track authority to proceed.
	Misread a track warrant.
	 Large number of signal indications cause confusion on proper route.
	Train dispatcher reads a train identification and routes an electrified train toward non- electrified territory
Rule compliance	Rule wording is inadequate to specify safe employee behavior.
*	Associated the wrong instructions with the wrong crew member.
	 Associated the wrong signal with a track authority to proceed.
	Explanation or training did not explain how to apply rules.
	Conflict between multiple rules with confusion about which one should apply.
	Difficult to remember so many rules.
	Realization that a rule was broken several hours after occurrence (i.e. train dispatcher)
	working a busy desk issues dozens of crossing protection warnings but recalls later on that s/he failed to issue to a specific train)



What kind of events can you report to C3RS?

Speed	Information not received about speed restrictions
	• Train dispatcher failure to apply blocking devices for speed restrictions prior to verifying
	receipt of restriction by train crew
	• Information available but not read or understood (e.g., speed restricted rail car like empty
	bulkhead flat).
	Signal aspect missed or misinterpreted.
	All information delivered but operational change occurs, like changing tracks after
	passing advance (yellow) flags.
	Excess speed due to slowing too late. Exilore to provide an important aread restriction to grow member.
Toma	Failure to provide an important speed restriction to crew member. Conditions
Type Design of	Control design makes it easy to apply too little or too much force.
infrastructure or	 Signals obstructed by other objects or vegetation.
equipment	 Yard design makes switch position difficult to see.
oquipmoni	 Locomotive Control Stand handle or switch placement & similar shape make it easy to
	select wrong control.
	Audible warnings are too loud or distracting.
	Locomotive control displays are cluttered or confusing.
	Numbering of signal and switch appliances is duplicated in close proximity to other
	appliances with the same sequences
Equipment use	Lack of proper or working equipment to accomplish task.
	• Track flags are missing (i.e. train dispatcher and engineering foreman fail to specify either
	placement or existence of flags).
Paperwork	Missing information for proper control of train.
•	• Failure of train dispatcher to include all information required for relieving train dispatcher
	Failure of train dispatcher to specify proper limits in a mandatory directive
	• Paperwork not organized around the way people read (i.e. restrictions must be in order as
	the line designates, from east to west, or north to south, etc.)
	 Missing information from another department to work safely
	 Paperwork is accurate but not received by those who should receive it (i.e. train
	dispatcher fails to verify receipt or holding of orders by train crews)
	 Excessive information on paperwork makes it impossible to read in time allotted.
Scheduling	 Unable to plan rest due to poor schedule or line up.
	 Schedule accurate but train dispatcher or crew member misinformed of pending
	assignment.
	 Operational event, train derailment or weather causes chaotic operations.
Supervision	 Incomplete instructions to perform work properly.
	 Train dispatcher or crew member complete work assignment based on their understanding
	but incorrectly without supervision.
Time Pressure	 Train dispatcher or crew member rush to meet customer or supervisor expectations.
	 Time lacking to complete safety related work (e.g., job safety briefing.)
Training	 Employee not trained or training not effective to execute work properly.
	 Training complete but required action not completed due to new or unusual equipment
	configuration.
	Classroom training adequate but not enough practice to execute work.
Reporting	 Train dispatcher fails to report train or other important conditions to adjoining train dispatching district
	Train dispatcher fails to relay critical information to one of many parties during an
	incident
	Train dispatcher fails to relay a report of a defective crossing to police and engineering
	department
	Train dispatcher fails to protect and report a rough ride condition to the engineering
	department etc.



What kind of events can you report to C3RS?

Workplace conditions	 Lighting normally available is out and results in train dispatcher or crew member working in dark.
	Slippery surface leads to near slip/trip/fall.
	Uneven walking surface in unexpected area.
	Glare from sun or lighting makes it difficult to see.
	High noise level makes communication difficult.
Workplace design	 Close track centers on multiple tracks make it easy for crew member to inadvertently leave equipment in the foul.
	 Missed a yard switch due to many switches close together and poor visibility due to employee location on locomotive or during RCL operation.
Workplace design	Insufficient clearance for equipment on or near track.
(Passenger	Multiple platform heights.
Operations only)	Train longer than platform requiring multiple station stops.
	Doors don't open when required.
	 Doors opened on wrong side of train, away from platform.
	 Train longer than platform and all doors opened.