



***Federal Railroad Administration
Office of Safety
Headquarters Assigned
Accident Investigation Report
HQ-2006-50***

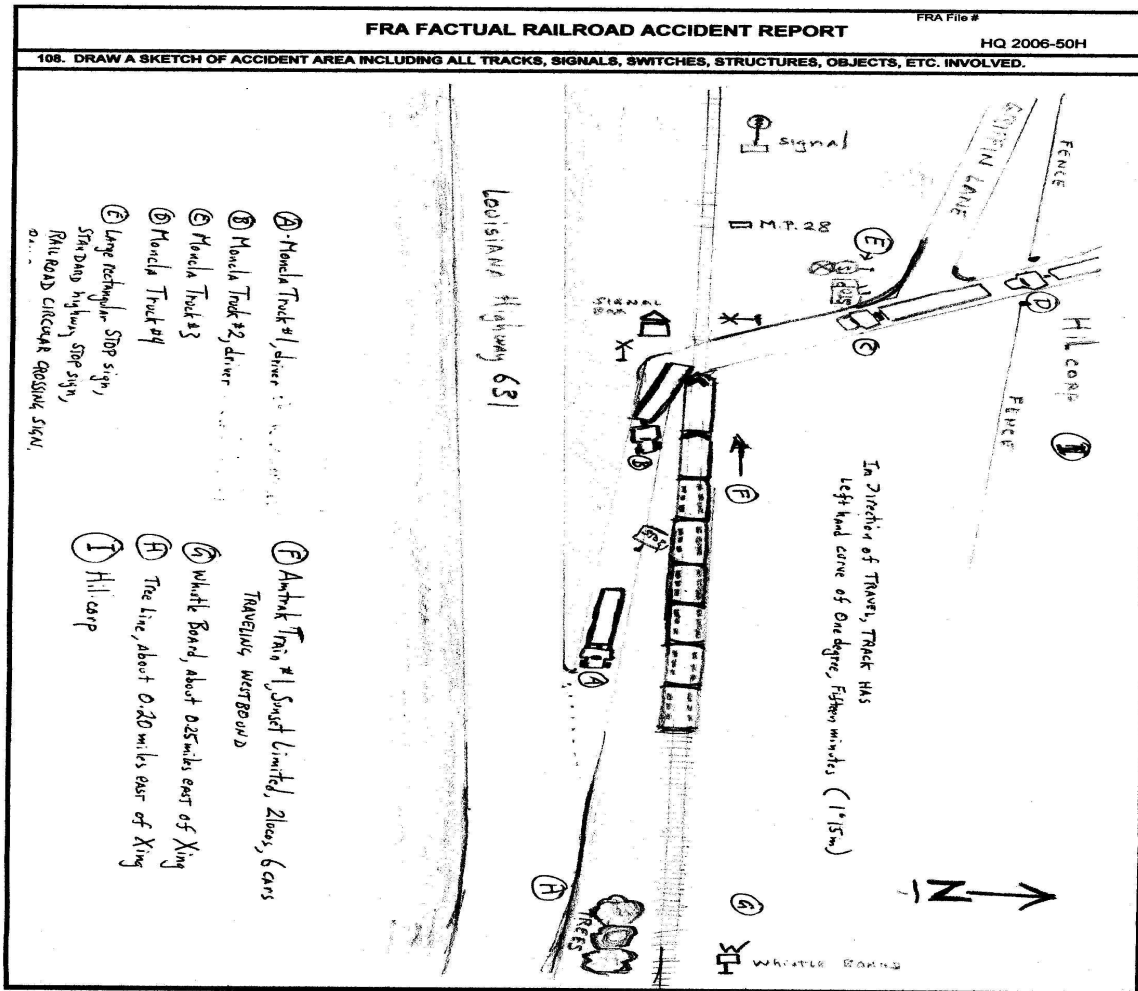
***Amtrak
Boutte, LA
June 14, 2006***

Note that 49 U.S.C. §20903 provides that no part of an accident or incident report made by the Secretary of Transportation/Federal Railroad Administration under 49 U.S.C. §20902 may be used in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report.

1. Name of Railroad Operating Train #1 Amtrak [ATK]			1a. Alphabetic Code ATK			1b. Railroad Accident/Incident No. 101028					
2. Name of Railroad Operating Train #2 N/A			2a. Alphabetic Code N/A			2b. Railroad Accident/Incident N/A					
3. Name of Railroad Responsible for Track Maintenance: Amtrak [ATK]			3a. Alphabetic Code ATK			3b. Railroad Accident/Incident No. N/A					
4. U.S. DOT_AAR Grade Crossing Identification Number 758008B			5. Date of Accident/Incident Month: 06 Day: 14 Year: 2006			6. Time of Accident/Incident 12:55: <input type="checkbox"/> AM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PM					
7. Type of Accident/Incident (single entry in code box)			1. Derailment			2. Head on collision					
			3. Rear end collision			4. Side collision					
			5. Raking collision			6. Broken Train collision					
			7. Hwy-rail crossing			8. RR grade crossing					
			9. Obstruction			10. Explosion-detonation					
			11. Fire/violent rupture			12. Other impacts					
			13. Other (describe in narrative)			07					
8. Cars Carrying HAZMAT 0		9. HAZMAT Cars Damaged/Derailed 0		10. Cars Releasing HAZMAT 0		11. People Evacuated 0		12. Division SOU			
13. Nearest City/Town Boutte			14. Milepost (to nearest tenth) 27.9		15. State Abbr Code N/A LA		16. County ST CHARLES				
17. Temperature (F) (specify if minus) 95 F		18. Visibility (single entry) Code 1. Dawn 3. Dusk 2. Day 4. Dark 2		19. Weather (single entry) Code 1. Clear 3. Rain 5. Sleet 2. Cloudy 4. Fog 6. Snow 2		20. Type of Track Code 1. Main 3. Siding 2. Yard 4. Industry 1					
21. Track Name/Number Single main track			22. FRA Track Code Class (1-9, X) 4		23. Annual Track Density (gross tons in millions) 33.1		24. Time Table Direction Code 1. North 3. East 4				
OPERATING TRAIN #1											
25. Type of Equipment Consist (single entry)		1. Freight train		2. Passenger train		3. Commuter train		4. Work train			
		5. Single car		6. Cut of cars		7. Yard/switching		8. Light loco(s).			
		9. Maint./inspect.car		A. Spec. MoW Equip. Code 2		26. Was Equipment Attended? 1. Yes 2. No 1		27. Train Number/Symbol 1			
28. Speed (recorded speed, if available) Code R - Recorded E - Estimated 69 MPH R			30. Method(s) of Operation (enter code(s) that apply) a. ATCS g. Automatic block m. Special instructions b. Auto train control h. Current of traffic n. Other than main track c. Auto train stop i. Time table/train orders o. Positive train control d. Cab j. Track warrant control p. Other (Specify in narrative) Code(s) e. Traffic k. Direct traffic control f. Interlocking l. Yard limits			30a. Remotely Controlled Locomotive? 0 = Not a remotely controlled 1 = Remote control portable 2 = Remote control tower 3 = Remote control transmitter - more than one remote control transmitter 0					
29. Trailing Tons (gross tonnage, excluding power units) 0			g		j		N/A		N/A		
31. Principal Car/Unit		a. Initial and Number		b. Position in Train		c. Loaded (yes/no)		32. If railroad employee(s) tested for drug/alcohol use, enter the number that were positive in the appropriate box.			
(1) First involved (derailed, struck, etc)		N/A		1		N/A		Alcohol		Drugs	
(2) Causing (if mechanical cause reported)		0		0		N/A		0		0	
								33. Was this consist transporting passengers? (Y/N) Y			
34. Locomotive Units		a. Head End		b. Mid Train		c. Rear End		35. Cars		Load	
		b. Manual		c. Remote		d. Manual		e. Remote		a. Freight	
(1) Total in Train		2		0		0		0		b. Pass.	
(2) Total Derailed		0		0		0		0		c. Freight	
										d. Pass.	
										e. Caboose	
36. Equipment Damage This Consist 100000			37. Track, Signal, Way, & Structure Damage 0			38. Primary Cause Code M399			39. Contributing Cause Code M302		
Number of Crew Members					Length of Time on Duty						
40. Engineer/Operators N/A		41. Firemen 0		42. Conductors 2		43. Brakemen 0		44. Engineer/Operator Hrs 2 Mi 25		45. Conductor Hrs 2 Mi 25	
Casualties to:		46. Railroad Employees		47. Train Passengers		48. Other		49. EOT Device? 1. Yes 2. No N/A		50. Was EOT Device Properly Armed? 1. Yes 2. No N/A	
Fatal		0		0		0		51. Caboose Occupied by Crew? 1. Yes 2. No		N/A	
Nonfatal		N/A		4		0					
OPERATING TRAIN #2											
52. Type of Equipment Consist (single entry)		1. Freight train		2. Passenger train		3. Commuter train		4. Work train		5. Single car	
		6. Cut of cars		7. Yard/switching		8. Light loco(s).		9. Maint./inspect.car		A. Spec. MoW Equip. Code N/A	
										53. Was Equipment Attended? 1. Yes 2. No N/A	
										54. Train Number/Symbol N/A	
55. Speed (recorded speed, if available) Code R - Recorded E - Estimated 0 MPH N/A			57. Method(s) of Operation (enter code(s) that apply) a. ATCS g. Automatic block m. Special instructions b. Auto train control h. Current of traffic n. Other than main track			57a. Remotely Controlled Locomotive? 0 = Not a remotely controlled 1 = Remote control portable					

56. Trailing Tons (gross tonnage, excluding power units)		0		c. Auto train stop d. Cab e. Traffic f. Interlocking		i. Time table/train orders j. Track warrant control k. Direct traffic control l. Yard limits		o. Positive train control p. Other (Specify in narrative) Code(s)		2 = Remote control tower 3 = Remote control transmitter - more than one remote control transmitter		N/A	
58. Principal Car/Unit		a. Initial and Number		b. Position in Train		c. Loaded(yes/no)		59. If railroad employee(s) tested for drug/alcohol use, enter the number that were positive in the appropriate box.		Alcohol		Drugs	
(1) First involved (derailed, struck, etc)		0		0		N/A				0		0	
(2) Causing (if mechanical cause reported)		0		0		N/A		60. Was this consist transporting passengers? (Y/N)				N/A	
61. Locomotive Units		a. Head End		Mid Train		Rear End		62. Cars		Loade		Empty	
				b. Manual		c. Remote				a. Freight		b. Pass.	
										c. Freight		d. Pass.	
										e. Caboose			
(1) Total in Train		0		0		0		(1) Total in Equipment Consist		0		0	
(2) Total Derailed		0		0		0		(2) Total Derailed		0		0	
63. Equipment Damage		This Consist		64. Track, Signal, Way, & Structure Damage		0		65. Primary Cause Code		N/A		66. Contributing Cause Code	
0												N/A	
Number of Crew Members				Length of Time on Duty									
67. Engineer/Operators		68. Firemen		69. Conductors		70. Brakemen		71. Engineer/Operator		72. Conductor			
0		0		0		0		Hrs 0 Mi 0		Hrs 0 Mi 0			
Casualties to:		73. Railroad Employees		74. Train Passengers		75. Other		76. EOT Device?		77. Was EOT Device Properly Armed?			
Fatal		0		0		0		1. Yes 2. No N/A		1. Yes 2. No N/A			
Nonfatal		0		0		0		78. Caboose Occupied by Crew?		N/A			
								1. Yes 2. No					
Highway User Involved						Rail Equipment Involved							
79. Type						83. Equipment							
C. Truck-Trailer. F. Bus J. Other Motor Vehicle Code						3. Train (standing) 6. Light Loco(s) (moving) Code							
A. Auto D. Pick-Up Truck G. School Bus K. Pedestrian						1. Train(units pulling) 4. Car(s)(moving) 7. Light(s) (standing)							
B. Truck E. Van H. Motorcycle M. Other (spec. in narrative) C						2. Train(units pushing) 5. Car(s)(standing) 8. Other (specify in narrative) 1							
80. Vehicle Speed (est. MPH at impact)		10		81. Direction geographical		Code		84. Position of Car Unit in Train					
				1. North 2. South 3. East 4. West		2		1					
82. Position						85. Circumstance							
1. Stalled on Crossing 2. Stopped on Crossing 3. Moving Over Crossing 4. Trapped 3						1. Rail Equipment Struck Highway User 2. Rail Equipment Struck by Highway User 1							
86a. Was the highway user and/or rail equipment involved in the impact transporting hazardous materials?						86b. Was there a hazardous materials release by							
1. Highway User 2. Rail Equipment 3. Both 4. Neither 4						1. Highway User 2. Rail Equipment 3. Both 4. Neither 4							
86c. State here the name and quantity of the hazardous materials released, if any.													
Not Applicable													
87. Type of Crossing		1. Gates		4. Wig Wags		7. Crossbucks		10. Flagged by crew		88. Signaled Crossing Warning Code		89. Whistle Ban Code	
		2. Cantilever FLS		5. Hwy. traffic signals		8. Stop signs		11. Other (spec. in narr.)		(See instructions for codes)		1. Yes	
		3. Standard FLS		6. Audible		9. Watchman		12. None				2. No	
Code(s)		08		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		3. Unknown 2	
90. Location of Warning				91. Crossing Warning Interconnected with Highway Signals				92. Crossing Illuminated by Street Lights or Special Lights					
1. Both Sides				Code				Code					
2. Side of Vehicle Approach				1. Yes				1. Yes					
3. Opposite Side of Vehicle Approach				2. No				2. No					
				3. Unknown				3. Unknown 2					
93. Driver's Age		94. Driver's Gender		95. Driver Drove Behind or in Front of Train and Struck or was Struck by Second Train		96. Driver		97. Driver Passed Standing Highway Vehicle		98. View of Track Obscured by (primary obstruction)		Code	
22		1. Male		1. Yes 2. No 3. Unknown 2		1. Drove around or thru the Gate 4. Stopped on Crossing		1. Yes 2. No 3. Unknown 2		1. Permanent Structure 3. Passing Train 5. Vegetation 7. Other (specify in narrative)			
		2. Female 1				2. Stopped and then Proceeded 5. Other (specify in narrative)				2. Standing Railroad Equipment 4. Topography 6. Highway Vehicle 8. Not obstructed 8			
97. Driver Passed Standing Highway Vehicle		Code		98. View of Track Obscured by (primary obstruction)		Code		99. Driver Was		100. Was Driver in the Vehicle?		Code	
1. Yes 2. No 3. Unknown 2								1. Killed 2. Injured 3. Uninjured 3		1. Yes 2. No 1			
101. Casualties to Highway-Rail Crossing Users		Killed		Injured		102. Highway Vehicle Property Damage (est. dollar damage)		103. Total Number of Highway-Rail Crossing Users (include driver)					
		0		0		5		1					
104. Locomotive Auxiliary Lights?				105. Locomotive Auxiliary Lights Operational?									
1. Yes 2. No 1				1. Yes 2. No 1									
106. Locomotive Headlight Illuminated?				107. Locomotive Audible Warning Sounded?									
1. Yes 2. No 1				1. Yes 2. No 1									

108. DRAW A SKETCH OF ACCIDENT AREA INCLUDING ALL TRACKS, SIGNALS, SWITCHES, STRUCTURES, OBJECTS, ETC., INVOLVED.
HQ-50-
2006.jpg



109. SYNOPSIS OF THE ACCIDENT

The westbound Amtrak Sunset Limited passenger train collided with a tractor trailer truck at a private highway-rail grade crossing on June 14, 2006, at 12:55 p.m. The accident occurred near Paradis, Louisiana, immediately west of Boutte, Louisiana, near BNSF milepost 28, on the BNSF Lafayette Subdivision.

The driver of the tractor trailer truck was uninjured. The flat bed trailer and its load were damaged. The train crew reported no injuries at the time of the accident, but twelve days later the engineer visited his doctor for medical care for back pains. The leading locomotive sustained damages of about \$55,000, total damages estimated at \$100,000. Two passengers on the train were hospitalized with minor injuries at a nearby hospital, and two additional passengers later identified themselves as injured.

At the time of the accident it was daylight and partly cloudy. The temperature was 95 degrees Fahrenheit.

The accident was caused by failure of the tractor trailer truck driver to yield to the train due to driver inattentiveness. According to the St Charles Parish Sheriff's Department, the driver was cited for reckless operation of a motor vehicle and "certain vehicles must stop for all railroad crossings due to hauling hazardous materials."

110. NARRATIVE

Circumstances prior to the Accident:

The crew of Amtrak train #1, the Sunset Limited, included a locomotive engineer, an assistant locomotive engineer, a conductor, and an assistant conductor. They first went on duty at 10:30 am CDT June 14, 2006, at the Amtrak office located in the New Orleans Union Passenger Terminal, New Orleans, Louisiana. This was the home terminal of all crew members and all received more than the statutory off duty period prior to reporting for duty.

Their assigned train consisted of two locomotives and six passenger cars. The train was scheduled to travel to Los Angeles, California, with numerous station stops en route. The train received an initial terminal train air brake test and departed New Orleans Union Passenger Terminal on time at 11:50 am.

As the westbound train approached the accident area, the locomotive engineer was seated at the controls on the north side of the leading locomotive. The assistant engineer was seated on the south side, and the conductor and assistant conductor were seated in the crew car.

In this area of the railroad there is, in succession, a 0 degree 57 minute left hand curve of approximately 0.4 miles length, followed by a tangent of 1.4 miles length, followed by a 1 degree 15 minute left hand curve approximately 0.2 miles to the point of the accident, and continuing 1.3 miles beyond. The grade is level or very close to level.

The railroad timetable direction of the train was west. The geographic direction was west. Timetable directions are used throughout this report unless otherwise noted.

The Accident :

The train was being operated at 69 mph approaching the accident area. The train crew's view of the crossing was unobstructed. The engineer said he saw a tractor trailer truck passing over the approaching grade crossing, and began sounding the train air horn at 12:55, in advance of the train whistle board for this crossing. According to the engineer this tractor trailer truck cleared the crossing but was followed immediately by a second tractor trailer truck over the crossing. The engineer initiated an emergency train air brake application at 12:55 and warned the assistant engineer of the impending collision. The train had slowed to 66 mph at the time of the collision. The maximum authorized speed for this train was 70 mph as designated in the current BNSF timetable # 5 dated June 8, 2003..

Highway Vehicle:

The tractor trailer truck involved in the collision was traveling from north to south on Griffin Lane. This vehicle was the second of four vehicles departing an adjacent industrial facility on the north side of the railroad right of way. The vehicles then approached and crossed the private highway rail grade crossing. A report filed by the sheriff's office estimated the driver's speed as 10 mph at the time of the collision. There was no posted speed limit. The driver estimated his speed as between 5 and 10 mph at the time of the collision.

The train struck the left rear side of the tractor trailer truck near the rear axle. The tractor was pushed about 40 feet and the pump equipment on the trailer flat bed was knocked off and onto adjacent Louisiana Highway 631. The train came to a stop about 0.2 miles west of the collision point.

After the train stopped, the conductor went through the train to check condition of passengers. The assistant conductor followed him out of the train and both went back to the grade crossing. The conductor spoke to the police officer responding to the scene, and the assistant conductor spoke with an employee of the nearby gas plant, who informed him that the sheriff's office and emergency medical services were called; he then spoke to the police officer at the scene, and finally spoke

to the operator of the tractor trailer truck involved in the collision. The engineer and assistant engineer inspected the locomotives and remained at the head end of the train.

St. Charles Parish Sheriff's Office notified an officer arrived on scene at 1:05 pm. St. Charles Hospital Guardian ambulance service contacted at 1:26 pm and arrived on scene at 1:33 pm. Paradis, Louisiana, Fire Department contacted at 1:33 pm and arrived on scene at 1:40 pm. Two passengers from the train were brought by ambulance to St Charles Hospital in Luling, Louisiana, and were released within 48 hours.

The lading on the tractor trailer truck consisted of pump equipment, and the pump included a fuel tank containing about 100 gallons of diesel fuel. This fuel was spilled onto the roadway and was cleaned up by a contractor.

An Amtrak supervisor responded to the scene from New Orleans. The engineer, assistant engineer and assistant conductor were brought back to New Orleans by the Amtrak supervisor, and the conductor remained with the train, continuing westbound to his crew change location at Beaumont, Texas, where he requested to be relieved.

Analysis:

The driver of the tractor trailer truck was a twenty-two year old male. His commercial driver's license was issued to him on September 1, 2005.

This private highway - rail grade crossing is equipped with cross bucks and large red "STOP" signs. The carrier had begun installation of active warning devices at the crossing, to include lights and gates, but the installation was not completed at the time of this collision.

Approaching the crossing from the north side of the track, the driver of the tractor trailer truck had a clear field of vision exceeding one quarter mile looking towards the east, the direction from which the train approached in this collision. The grade crossing itself is about two foot higher than the roadway approaching the crossing from the north side of the track, at the location of the crossing STOP sign. The road crosses the track at about a 30 degree angle from the north to the east, and then descends from the crossing at about a 70 degree angle to the east, dropping about six foot to the intersection with the main highway.

The railroad has a whistle board placed about 0.25 mile east of the crossing. The engineer and assistant engineer stated that the whistle was sounded, and a civilian near the scene of the collision stated that he heard the whistle blowing. This was validated by analysis of the event recorder data.

No toxicological testing was conducted for members of the train crew, as one was not required.

The locomotive was equipped with a speed indicator and event recorder. The lead locomotive's headlight and ditch lights were in working condition (with exception to left front ditch light, which was destroyed in the collision), as observed by Amtrak supervisory personnel responding to the accident.

Conclusions:

The railroad crew was in full compliance with their own and all applicable Federal standards.

The operator of the highway vehicle (tractor trailer truck) failed to observe the approaching train at the location where he was required to stop his vehicle and