



***Federal Railroad Administration
Office of Safety
Headquarters Assigned
Accident Investigation Report
HQ-2006-96***

***Union Pacific
Dover, MO
December 5, 2006***

Note that 49 U.S.C. §20903 provides that no part of an accident or incident report made by the Secretary of Transportation/Federal Railroad Administration under 49 U.S.C. §20902 may be used in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report.

1. Name of Railroad Operating Train #1 Union Pacific RR Co. [UP]		1a. Alphabetic Code UP		1b. Railroad Accident/Incident No. 1206SL003	
2. Name of Railroad Operating Train #2 N/A		2a. Alphabetic Code N/A		2b. Railroad Accident/Incident N/A	
3. Name of Railroad Responsible for Track Maintenance: Union Pacific RR Co. [UP]		3a. Alphabetic Code UP		3b. Railroad Accident/Incident No. 1206SL003	
4. U.S. DOT_AAR Grade Crossing Identification Number		5. Date of Accident/Incident Month Day Year 12 05 2006		6. Time of Accident/Incident 06:30: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM	
7. Type of Accident/Incident (single entry in code box)		1. Derailment 2. Head on collision 3. Rear end collision		4. Side collision 5. Raking collision 6. Broken Train collision	
		7. Hwy-rail crossing 8. RR grade crossing 9. Obstruction		10. Explosion-detonation 11. Fire/violent rupture 12. Other impacts	
				13. Other (describe in narrative) 01	
8. Cars Carrying HAZMAT 0	9. HAZMAT Cars Damaged/Derailed 0	10. Cars Releasing HAZMAT 0	11. People Evacuated 0	12. Division St Louis	
13. Nearest City/Town Hodge		14. Milepost (to nearest tenth) 233.7	15. State Abbr Code N/A MO	16. County LAFAYETTE	
17. Temperature (F) (specify if minus) 30 F	18. Visibility (single entry) Code 1. Dawn 3. Dusk 2. Day 4. Dark 1	19. Weather (single entry) Code 1. Clear 3. Rain 5. Sleet 2. Cloudy 4. Fog 6. Snow 1	20. Type of Track Code 1. Main 3. Siding 2. Yard 4. Industry 1		
21. Track Name/Number Single Main Track		22. FRA Track Code Class (1-9, X) 4	23. Annual Track Density (gross tons in millions) 84	24. Time Table Direction Code 1. North 3. East 3	
OPERATING TRAIN #1					
25. Type of Equipment Consist (single entry)		1. Freight train 2. Passenger train 3. Commuter train		4. Work train 5. Single car 6. Cut of cars	
		7. Yard/switching 8. Light loco(s). 9. Maint./inspect.car		A. Spec. MoW Equip. Code 1	
				26. Was Equipment Attended? 1. Yes 2. No 1	
				27. Train Number/Symbol CNAAE 03	
28. Speed (recorded speed, if available) Code R - Recorded E - Estimated 41 MPH R		30. Method(s) of Operation (enter code(s) that apply) a. ATCS g. Automatic block m. Special instructions b. Auto train control h. Current of traffic n. Other than main track c. Auto train stop i. Time table/train orders o. Positive train control d. Cab j. Track warrant control p. Other (Specify in narrative) Code(s) e. Traffic k. Direct traffic control f. Interlocking l. Yard limits			30a. Remotely Controlled Locomotive? 0 = Not a remotely controlled 1 = Remote control portable 2 = Remote control tower 3 = Remote control transmitter - more than one remote control transmitter 0
29. Trailing Tons (gross tonnage, excluding power units) 18981		h	N/A	N/A	N/A
31. Principal Car/Unit	a. Initial and Number	b. Position in Train	c. Loaded (yes/no)	32. If railroad employee(s) tested for drug/alcohol use, enter the number that were positive in the appropriate box.	
(1) First involved (derailed, struck, etc)	N/A	66	yes	Alcohol	Drugs
(2) Causing (if mechanical cause reported)	0	0	N/A	0	0
				33. Was this consist transporting passengers? (Y/N) N	
34. Locomotive Units	a. Head End	b. Mid Train	c. Rear End	35. Cars	Load
		b. Manual	c. Remote		a. Freight
					b. Pass.
					c. Freight
					d. Pass.
					e. Caboose
(1) Total in Train	2	0	0	1	(1) Total in Equipment Consist
(2) Total Derailed	0	0	0	0	(2) Total Derailed
					41
					0
					0
					0
					0
36. Equipment Damage This Consist	1747975	37. Track, Signal, Way, & Structure Damage	214000	38. Primary Cause Code	T221
				39. Contributing Cause Code	N/A
Number of Crew Members			Length of Time on Duty		
40. Engineer/Operators	41. Firemen	42. Conductors	43. Brakemen	44. Engineer/Operator	45. Conductor
N/A	0	1	0	Hrs 6 Mi 45	Hrs 6 Mi 45
Casualties to:	46. Railroad Employees	47. Train Passengers	48. Other	49. EOT Device?	50. Was EOT Device Properly Armed?
Fatal	0	0	0	1. Yes 2. No 1	1. Yes 2. No 1
Nonfatal	N/A	0	0	51. Caboose Occupied by Crew?	
				1. Yes 2. No	N/A
OPERATING TRAIN #2					
52. Type of Equipment Consist (single entry)		1. Freight train 2. Passenger train 3. Commuter train		4. Work train 5. Single car 6. Cut of cars	
		7. Yard/switching 8. Light loco(s). 9. Maint./inspect.car		A. Spec. MoW Equip. Code N/A	
				53. Was Equipment Attended? 1. Yes 2. No N/A	
				54. Train Number/Symbol N/A	
55. Speed (recorded speed, if available) Code R - Recorded E - Estimated N/A MPH N/A		57. Method(s) of Operation (enter code(s) that apply) a. ATCS g. Automatic block m. Special instructions b. Auto train control h. Current of traffic n. Other than main track			57a. Remotely Controlled Locomotive? 0 = Not a remotely controlled 1 = Remote control portable

56. Trailing Tons (gross tonnage, excluding power units)		N/A		c. Auto train stop	i. Time table/train orders	o. Positive train control				2 = Remote control tower 3 = Remote control transmitter - more than one remote control transmitter					
				d. Cab	j. Track warrant control	p. Other (Specify in narrative) Code(s)				N/A					
				e. Traffic	k. Direct traffic control	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A					
				f. Interlocking	l. Yard limits										
58. Principal Car/Unit			a. Initial and Number	b. Position in Train	c. Loaded(yes/no)	59. If railroad employee(s) tested for drug/alcohol use, enter the number that were positive in the appropriate box.									
(1) First involved (derailed, struck, etc)			N/A	N/A	N/A					Alcohol	Drugs				
(2) Causing (if mechanical cause reported)			N/A	N/A	N/A					N/A	N/A				
60. Was this consist transporting passengers? (Y/N)			N/A												
61. Locomotive Units		a. Head End	Mid Train		Rear End		62. Cars		Loade		Empty				
			b. Manual	c. Remote	d. Manual	c. Remote			a. Freight	b. Pass.	c. Freight	d. Pass.	e. Caboose		
(1) Total in Train		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(1) Total in Equipment Consist	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
(2) Total Derailed		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(2) Total Derailed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
63. Equipment Damage This Consist			N/A	64. Track, Signal, Way, & Structure Damage			N/A	65. Primary Cause Code		N/A	66. Contributing Cause Code		N/A		
Number of Crew Members						Length of Time on Duty									
67. Engineer/Operators		N/A	68. Firemen		69. Conductors		70. Brakemen		71. Engineer/Operator		72. Conductor				
			N/A		N/A		N/A		Hrs	N/A	Mi	N/A			
Casualties to:		73. Railroad Employees		74. Train Passengers		75. Other		76. EOT Device?		77. Was EOT Device Properly Armed?					
Fatal		N/A		N/A		N/A		1. Yes	2. No	N/A	1. Yes	2. No	N/A		
Nonfatal		N/A		N/A		N/A		78. Caboose Occupied by Crew?		N/A					
								1. Yes	2. No						
Highway User Involved						Rail Equipment Involved									
79. Type		C. Truck-Trailer. F. Bus J. Other Motor Vehicle				Code		83. Equipment		3. Train (standing)		6. Light Loco(s) (moving)		Code	
		A. Auto D. Pick-Up Truck G. School Bus K. Pedestrian				N/A		1. Train(units pulling)		4. Car(s)(moving)		7. Light(s) (standing)		N/A	
		B. Truck E. Van H. Motorcycle M. Other (spec. in narrative)				N/A		2. Train(units pushing)		5. Car(s)(standing)		8. Other (specify in narrative)		N/A	
80. Vehicle Speed (est. MPH at impact)			N/A	81. Direction geographical			Code		84. Position of Car Unit in Train						
				1. North 2. South 3. East 4. West			N/A		N/A						
82. Position			Code						85. Circumstance						
1. Stalled on Crossing 2. Stopped on Crossing 3. Moving Over Crossing 4. Trapped			N/A						1. Rail Equipment Struck Highway User 2. Rail Equipment Struck by Highway User						
86a. Was the highway user and/or rail equipment involved in the impact transporting hazardous materials?			Code						86b. Was there a hazardous materials release by						
1. Highway User 2. Rail Equipment 3. Both 4. Neither			N/A						1. Highway User 2. Rail Equipment 3. Both 4. Neither						
86c. State here the name and quantity of the hazardous materials released, if any.															
N/A															
87. Type of Crossing		1. Gates		4. Wig Wags		7. Crossbucks		10. Flagged by crew		88. Signaled Crossing Warning		Code			
		2. Cantilever FLS		5. Hwy. traffic signals		8. Stop signs		11. Other (spec. in narr.)		(See instructions for codes)		89. Whistle Ban			
		3. Standard FLS		6. Audible		9. Watchman		12. None		N/A		1. Yes 2. No 3. Unknown			
Code(s)		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A			
90. Location of Warning			Code						91. Crossing Warning Interconnected with Highway Signals			Code			
1. Both Sides									1. Yes			92. Crossing Illuminated by Street Lights or Special Lights			
2. Side of Vehicle Approach									2. No			1. Yes			
3. Opposite Side of Vehicle Approach			N/A						3. Unknown			2. No			
									N/A			3. Unknown			
93. Driver's Age		94. Driver's Gender		Code		95. Driver Drove Behind or in Front of Train and Struck or was Struck by Second Train			Code		96. Driver			Code	
N/A		1. Male		N/A		1. Yes 2. No 3. Unknown			N/A		1. Drove around or thru the Gate			4. Stopped on Crossing	
		2. Female		N/A							2. Stopped and then Proceeded			5. Other (specify in narrative)	
											3. Did not Stop			N/A	
97. Driver Passed Standing Highway Vehicle			Code						98. View of Track Obscured by (primary obstruction)						
1. Yes 2. No 3. Unknown			N/A						1. Permanent Structure 3. Passing Train 5. Vegetation 7. Other (specify in narrative)						
									2. Standing Railroad Equipment 4. Topography 6. Highway Vehicle 8. Not obstructed						
101. Casualties to Highway-Rail Crossing Users		Killed		Injured		99. Driver Was		Code		100. Was Driver in the Vehicle?		Code			
		N/A		N/A		1. Killed 2. Injured 3. Uninjured		N/A		1. Yes		2. No			
						102. Highway Vehicle Property Damage (est. dollar damage)		N/A		103. Total Number of Highway-Rail Crossing Users (include driver)		N/A			
104. Locomotive Auxiliary Lights?			Code						105. Locomotive Auxiliary Lights Operational?			Code			
1. Yes 2. No			N/A						1. Yes 2. No			N/A			
106. Locomotive Headlight Illuminated?			Code						107. Locomotive Audible Warning Sounded?			Code			
1. Yes 2. No			N/A						1. Yes 2. No			N/A			

108. DRAW A SKETCH OF ACCIDENT AREA INCLUDING ALL TRACKS, SIGNALS, SWITCHES, STRUCTURES, OBJECTS, ETC., INVOLVED.



109. SYNOPSIS OF THE ACCIDENT

A Union Pacific Railroad Company (UP) loaded coal train derailed 41 cars on December 5, 2006, at 6:30 a.m. (c.s.t). The accident occurred approximately 2 miles west of Hodge, Missouri, at milepost (MP) 233.7, on the UP River Subdivision. The timetable direction of the train was eastbound.

There were no injuries or hazardous material spills as a result of the derailment. Damages reported for the derailment totaled \$1,961,975.

At the time of the accident, it was dawn with clear skies, and the temperature was 16 degrees Fahrenheit.

The probable cause of the derailment was determined to be a broken rail (Vertical Split Head).

110. NARRATIVE

Circumstances Prior to the Accident

The train crew of Train Symbol CNAAE-03 consisted of an engineer and conductor. They first went on duty at 11:45 p.m. (c.s.t) December 4, 2006, at Kansas City, Missouri. This was the engineer's away terminal and the conductor's home terminal. Both had received more than the statutory off-duty period prior to reporting for duty.

Their assigned train consisted of two locomotives on the head-end, 135 loaded coal cars, and a remote unit on the rear-end. The train was 7,532 feet long with 18,981 trailing tons. This crew was scheduled to take the train to Jefferson City, Missouri. An air brake test was conducted in North Platte, Nebraska, on November 25, 2006, at 1:10 a.m. (c.s.t.) by mechanical personnel.

There was no work performed en route after departing. The train experienced a delay at Renick, Missouri, MP 256.6, where it was stopped from 3:10 a.m. until 5:50 a.m. The delay was caused by a broken rail at MP 250.9, which was repaired before train traffic. There were no other delays prior to the point of derailment (POD).

As the eastbound train approached the accident area, the locomotive engineer was seated at the controls on the south side of the lead locomotive. The conductor was seated on the north side of the same locomotive. The railroad timetable direction and geographical direction of the train at the point of derailment was eastward. Timetable directions will be used throughout this report.

The track at and leading up to the POD is on a level grade with a 1-degree 47-minute right-hand curve. It is constructed of 136-pound CWR rail on wood ties. There are no switches, turnouts, bridges, or culverts in the immediate area.

The Accident

The train was being operated at 41 mph approaching the derailment area. According to the train crew, they did not observe or feel anything unusual prior to the derailment. The speed at the time of derailment was also 41 mph. Both speeds were recorded by the event recorder of the controlling locomotive. Maximum authorized speed for the track and this train is 50 mph as designated in the current UP Kansas City Area Timetable. After the train experienced an undesired emergency application of the air brake system, the conductor then walked back and found the 31st through 72nd head cars had derailed.

As a result of the derailment, there was 1,950 feet of track structure and roadbed damaged.

Analysis and Conclusion

Analysis

The two crew members of Train Symbol CNAAE-03 were mandatory post-accident toxicologically tested because this accident exceeded the major \$1 million accident threshold. The test results obtained from the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) Alcohol and Drug Control Manager were negative.

The last ultrasonic rail detection test through this area was on October 25, 2006, with the railroad's DC-13 car. Four rail defects were found in the general location of the POD, but were repaired prior to the derailment. The last geometry car survey with the railroad's Car No. EC-4 was on August 18, 2006, with no defects noted in

the immediate area. The track was inspected by hi-rail vehicle on December 3, 2006, with no exceptions taken in the area. Track inspection records revealed that this track was inspected well within the required frequency the month before the accident, with no exceptions noted in the immediate area.

A suspect piece of rail was recovered with rail end batter, consistent with a broken rail derailment from the accident and sent to the UP Technical Research Department and Lab in Omaha, Nebraska, for analysis. The rail was 136-pound standard strength, "A" rail manufactured by Tennessee in March of 1976.

The suspect rail was a vertical split head (VSH) consistent with approximately 92 other defective rails found of this nature in the previous 2 years on this subdivision. No suspicious mechanical equipment was found in the wreck or during clean up activities. There were marks on the tread portion of the wheels of 12 open hopper cars east of the derailment indicating the rail broke under the train.

Conclusion

The railroad was in compliance with their own and all applicable FRA standards. There were no witnesses to the accident. The two pieces of rail found at the POD were consistent with a VSH, with a receiving end batter on one of the two rails. A darkened area of the tread portion of the rails found were also present substantiating this type of break. UP Technical Research Department and Lab results agreed that the VSH was the probable cause of this derailment.

The data reviewed from the event recorder ruled out train handling as a cause. There were no marks found on the rail or ties prior to the pile up. There were also no track components, i.e., bridges, turnouts, grade crossings in the POD area that could have contributed to the cause. Marks discovered on the tread portion of the wheels of 12 open hoppers east of the derailment indicated the rail broke under the train. No marks were found on the flange or tread portion of the wheels on the head locomotives suggesting the crew did not encounter anything prior to the derailment.

Probable Cause and Contributing Factors

The Federal Railroad Administration's investigation of this catastrophic derailment was substantiated by the UP Technical Research Department and Lab results which together concluded that the probable cause was a broken rail (T221 - Vertical split head).